

## **Historic, Archive Document**

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RETAIL

ONCIDIUM ORNITHORHYNCHUM: Epiphytes. Inf. drooping many fld. panicle, to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  foot; fls. rose, lilac, yellow, crest on lip about  $\frac{3}{4}$  inches. Aug. - Dec. Mexico, Salvador.

\$2.00

ONCIDIUM PULVINATUM: Pseudobulbs with 1-2 lvs. to 1 ft. long; infl, loosely paniculate, many-fld, to 9 ft. long; fls. to 1 inch; sepals and petals with basal half brown and apical half yellow; lip yellow spotted with red. June-Dec. Brazil, Paraguay, Argentina.

\$2.00

LAELIA ALBIDA: Epiphytes, Intermediate temperature. Racemes loosely 3-9 fld., to 20 inches long; fls. about 2 inches, fragrant, white often tinged with rose. Nov. to Jan. Mexico.

\$2.00

LAELIA ANCEPS: Epiphytes. Intermediate temperature. Racemes 2-5 fld., to 3 feet high; fls. about  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch or more; violet-rose, tawny-yellow throat lined purple. Nov. - Feb. Mexico

\$2.00

STANHOPEA BUSCEPHALUS: Epiphytes. fls. in 4-7 fld. drooping racemes, tawny orange spotted with crimson; reflexed. Aug. Mexico, Ecuador.

\$2.00

ODONTOGLOSSUM TRIUMPHANS or ONCIDIUM RADIATUM: Epiphytes. Requires cool house. Inf. usually racemose, to 3 feet high, to 10 fld; fls. large, to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches, golden-yellow blotched red-brown. March-May. Columbia.

\$2.00

CATTLEYA SKINNERII: Epiphytes Intermediate temperature. Fls, 4-5 inches. Rose-purple, yellowish-white in throat. Jan-Aug. Central America.

\$2.00

CATTLEYA AURANTIACA: Epiphytes. Intermediate temperature. Fls. orange-red to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inch. Dec.-May. Central America.

\$2.00

BRASSICA: We have not as yet identified this plant.

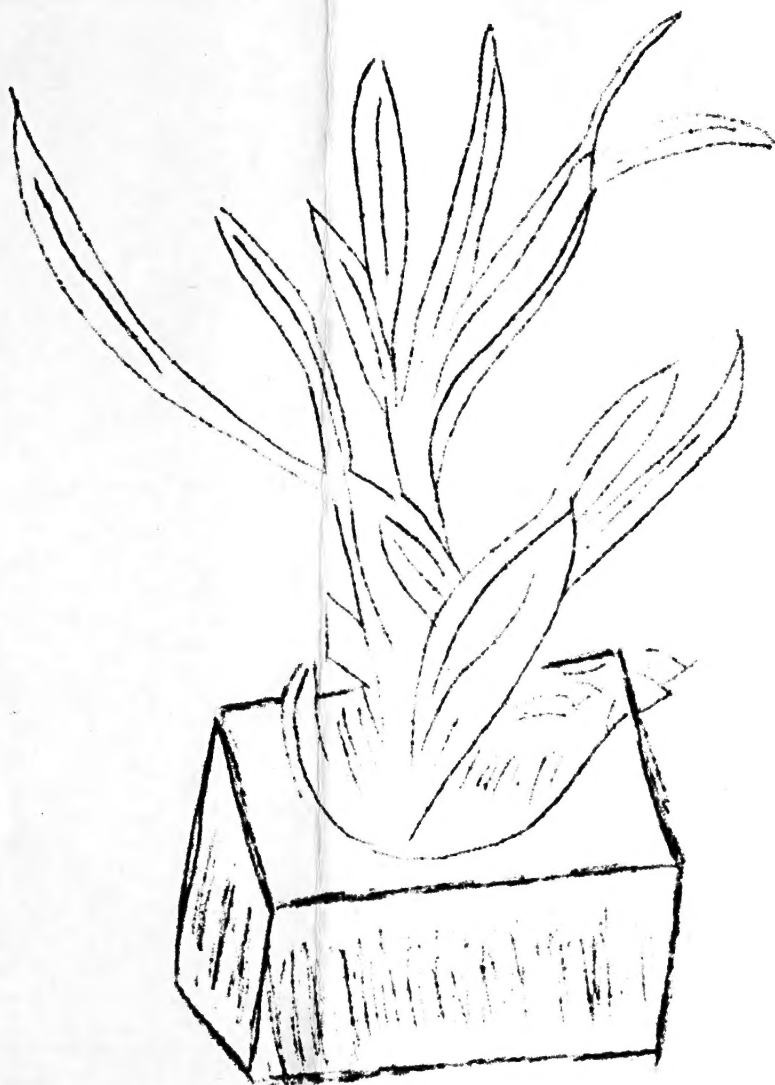
\$1.00

00-54

00.51

 $CO_2$  SA

00.31



#1

4x4x4 Fern root cube planters with blooming size Orchid plant.  
Your potting troubles are over. The Ideal way to buy orchids.

You can't over water.

White, yellow, Orchid, green and Purple - your choice \$ 2.25

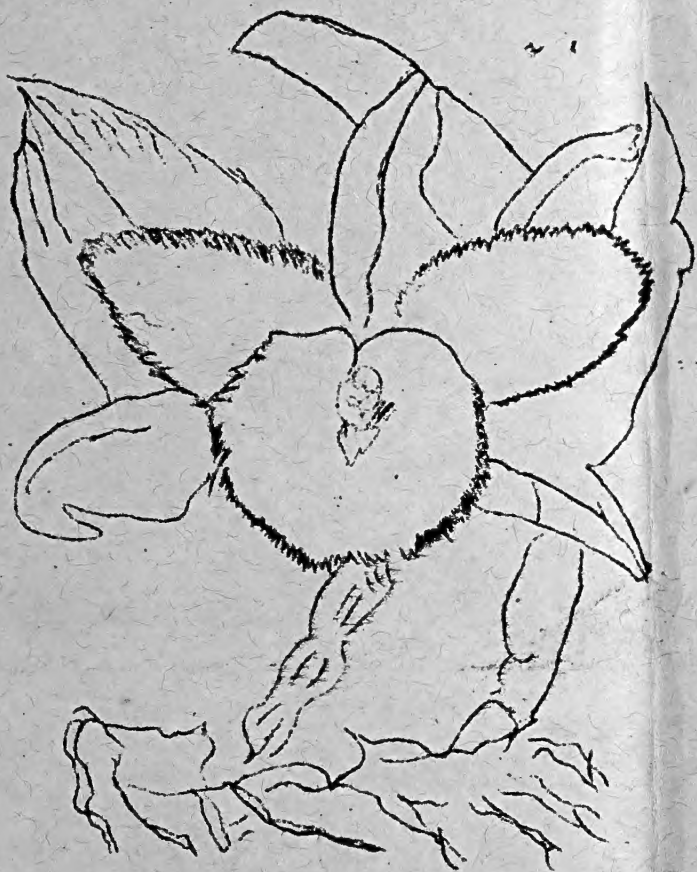
Post paid. 5 for \$ 10.00 Post paid.



about 2000 feet above the plain. The plant is a small shrub with  
very small flowers and leaves. The leaves are small and narrow.  
The plant is very common in the region.  
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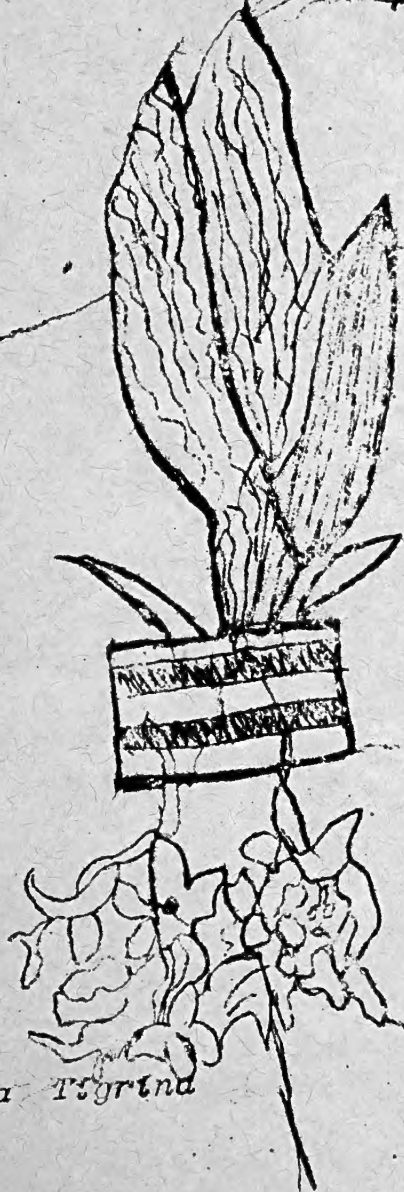


# 1



*Brassanola Digbyana*

# 2

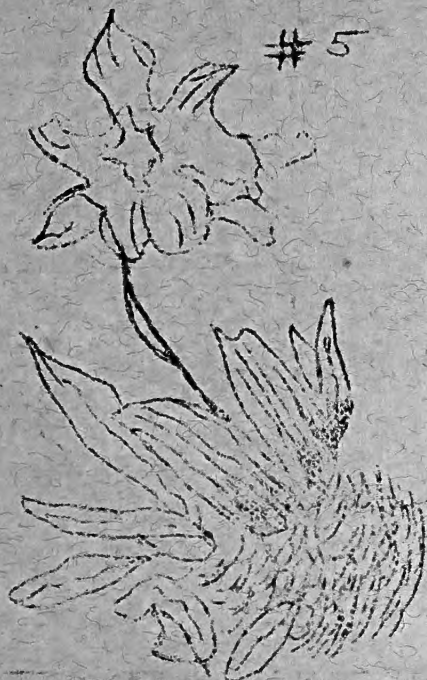


*Stanhopea Tigrina*





# 5



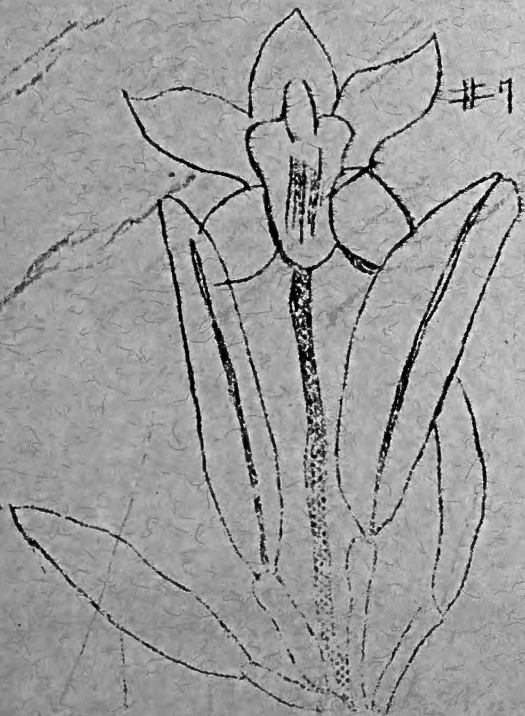
*Oncidium Tigrina*

# 6



*Mor. Ulicolor*

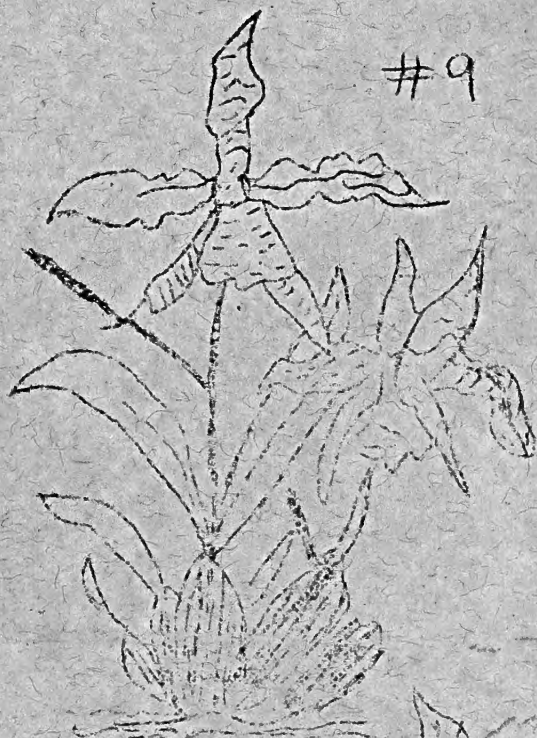
# 7



# 8

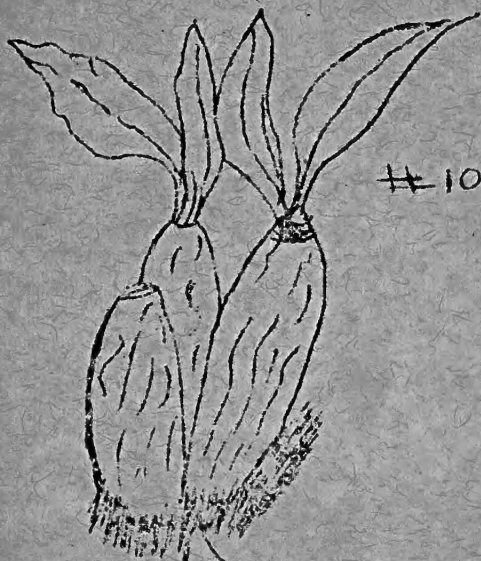


*Ventillo Platifolia*



#9

Ad. Gran.



#10



Alonteglossum Citrosmum

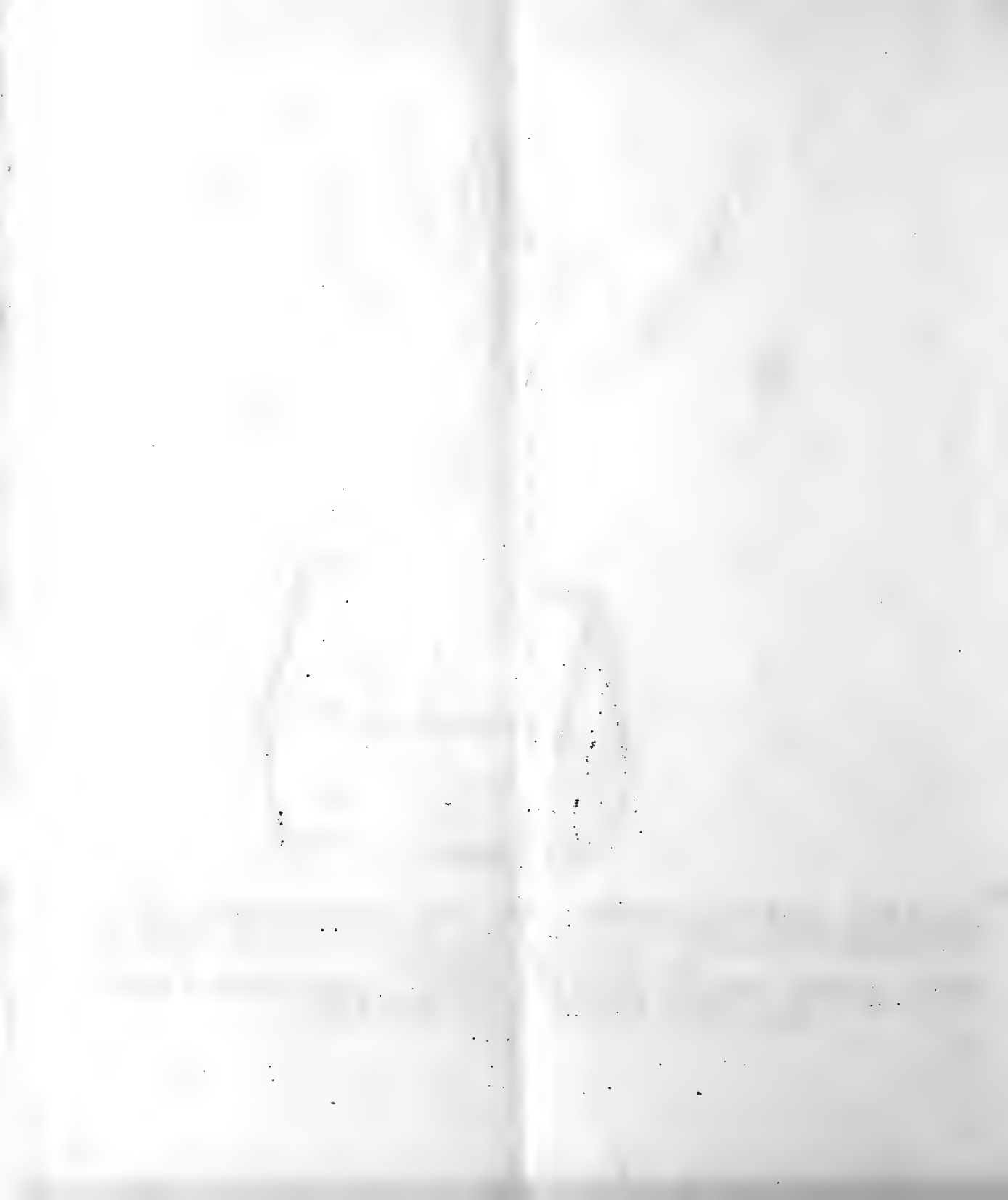


#11

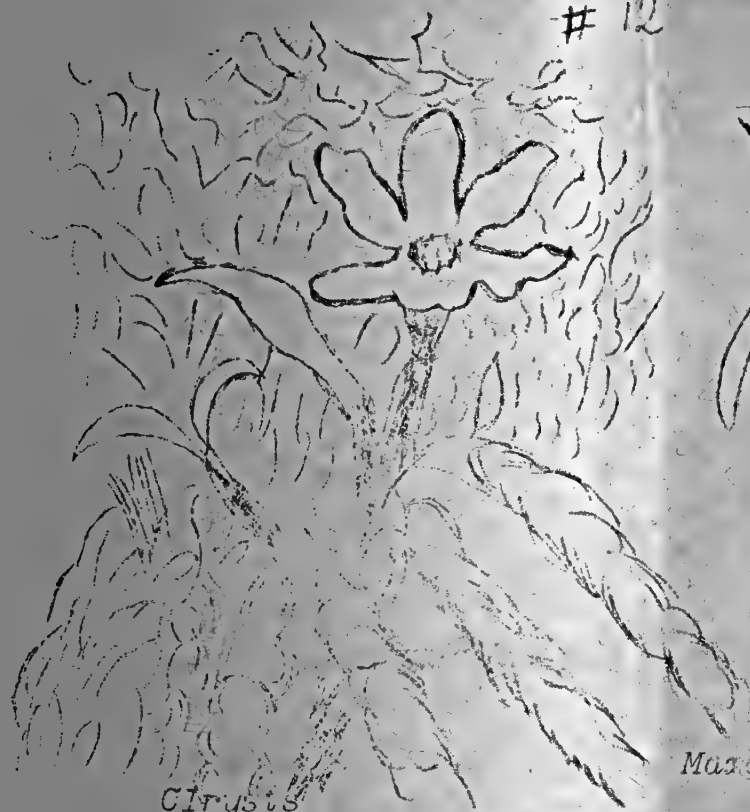
Laelia Fubescens

Brassica  
Glauca





# 12



*Cirystis*

# 13



*Mara... Tenuifolia*



# 14

*Epidendrum Coclileatum*



12-1-12

12-1-12

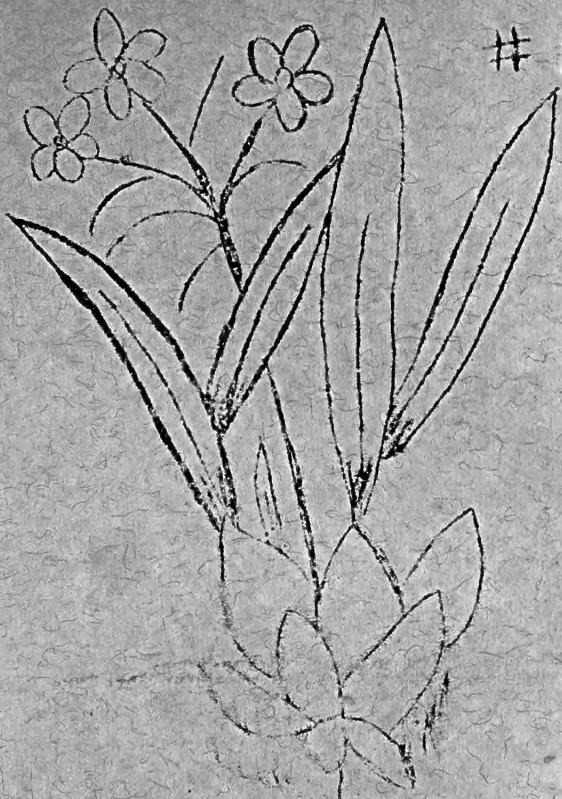


#15

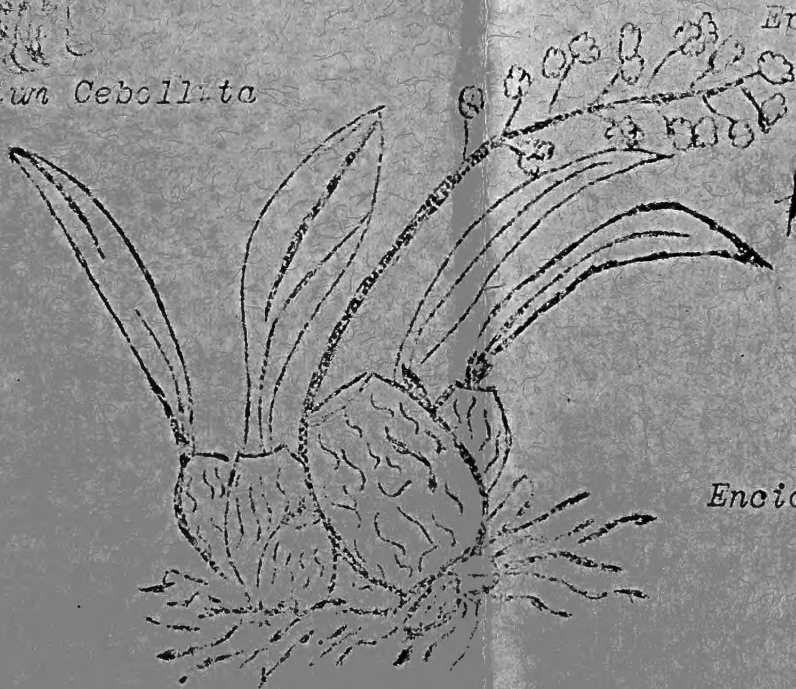


*Anoctium Cebollita*

#16



*Enidinarum Specis*



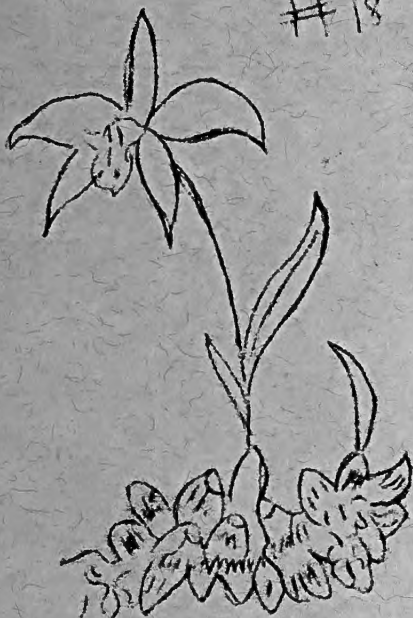
#17

*Enciduim Solendidum*



These four were some minutes with the following and the other three.  
The following examples are given. The first one is the original.  
The one is a copy.

White, yellow, green, brown, black - four colors \$ 2.32  
Last page. 2 pages. 2 pages. 2 pages.



*Laelia Mayolii*

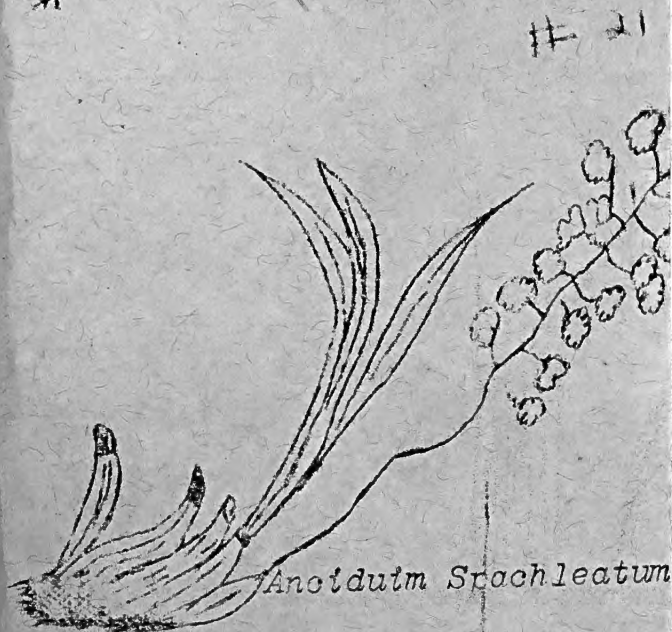


*Epidendrum Radiatum*

#20



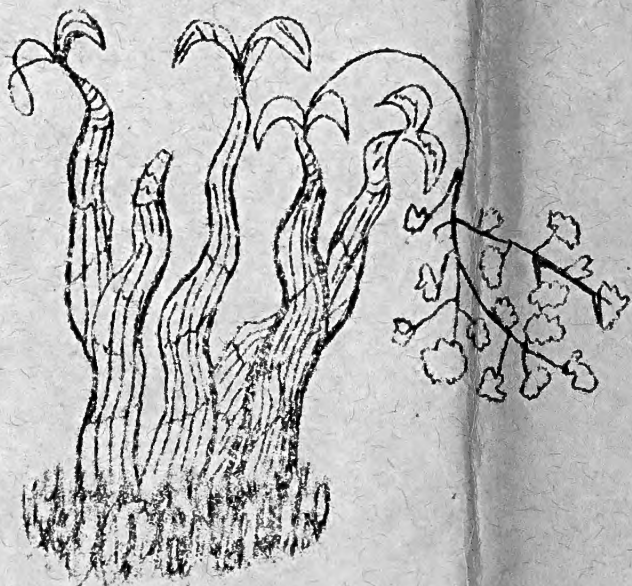
*Cattleya Citrina*



*Anroidium Spachleatum*

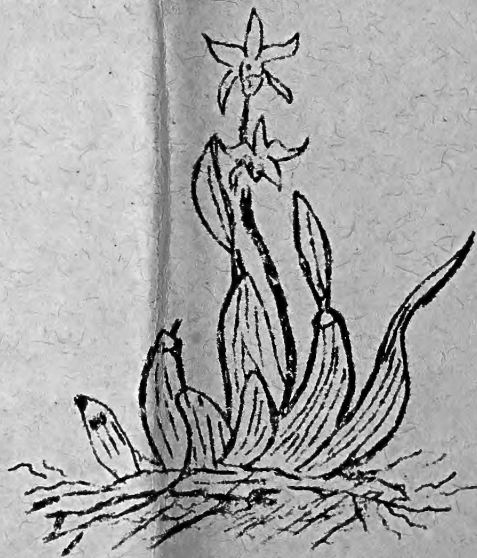


# 22



*Schomburgkia tibetensis*

# 23



*Laelia autumnalis*